

Alf Slinning
Competence Broker
BUC







Competence brokering – experiences from Hordaland, Norway

- 1. Framework
- 2. Brief description of the instrument
- 3. Impact/results of the instrument
- 4. Success Factors
- 5. Bottlenecks/ Need for improvement







Framework







Hordaland

• Population: *478.000*

• City of Bergen: 257.000

 Workforce : ab. 245.000 (74% of popl. 15-74 yr)

- Growth in workforce 2004 2008: 2,7
 % pr. year
- Unemployment rate: 2,8 % (Febr. 2010)
- GDP: € 18 625 M
- R&D expenditures of industry: NOK
 1 525M (~ € 191M)
- Main industrial sectors:
- Mechanical manufacturing, metallurgical, petrochemical, shipbuilding, off-shore related and supply, aquaculture, fisheries, building and construction, energy

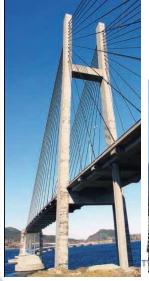




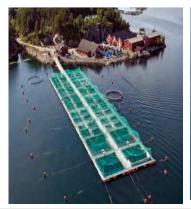


Actual situation in Hordaland within business and industry, 2010

- -optimism and growth in industry
- aquaculture "all time high"
- -oil and gas are stable
- -lower activity within manufacturing and construction industry
- -skilled working force imported
- investment in new competence and technology









Hordaland



- Number of SME in region: 39.479 (tot. in Norway: 460.000)
- SME structure:
 - 8% less than 5 employees
 - 89% less than 10 employees
 - 98% less than 50 employees
- Number of students: 31.200 (ab. 15% of total o Norway)
- Level of education:
 - General / Basic school: 34,1% (Norway: 32,4%)
 - Higher Education: 47,7% (42,4%)
 - University: 18,1% (24,8%







Research and Education



University of Bergen,

The Norwegian School of Economic and Business Administration

Bergen University College

Regional University Colleges

University College of Art,

College of Teacher Education

R&D on Human Rights

The High Tech. Center,

Under Water Technology

Climate Research

Chr.Michelsen Research AS

3 regional Centres of Excellence

(Medieval studies, Climate Research, Integrated Petroleum Research)

Industrial Centers of PetroChemistry, Oil and Gas Tech



Norwegian School of Economics and Business Admin.





Christian Michelsen Research AS



Christian Michelsen Institute



Bergen University College



The Norwegian Under water Technology Centre





Hordaland



R & D Staff M	an-labo	ur year	,					60%	1
Sector	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2
Business and industry	671	792	875	786	590	860	1 033	1 076	29%
Institutes	825	798	823	789	785	794	811	835	23%
High school- and Universities	1 181	1 328	1 446	1 428	1 442	1 448	1 502	1 778	48%
								50%	





Main R&F focus areas





National



- Development / Globalization
- Energy / Petroleum
- Environment
- Medicine / Health
- Polar Research
- Social Sciences
- Large Scale programs

- Technology, Natural Science and Mathematica
- Centres of Excellence
- -Centres for Research Based Innovation (CRIs)
- Humanorla
- emangorq betnerro-cilduq.
- -Medicine and Health



National and regional

- Competence, network
- Entrepreneur, strategy, education
- Internationalization
- Regional development
- Marine sectors /fisheries / aqua culture
- Agriculture, farming

- Tourism and travel
- Petro chemistry and offshore sectors
- Culture based economy
- Women in focus



Regional

- •Entrepreneurship within trade and business
- New business development
- Regional development

- ·Strategic development
- Economic support within strategic areas
- Centers of Excellence





Description







Description of the instrument "Research based Competence Brokering" - a national

"Research'based Competence Brokering" - a nationa initiative based on experience from the former "TEFT" program

TEFT Program	Competence Brokering	VRI
1994 - 2003	2005 - 2007	2007 - 2016
National program	National Program	Regional Program
National funded	National and regional	National and regional
TT between SME - R&D	funded	funded
inst.	Regional focus / Regional	Regional focus / Regional
Pro-active focus	Coalitions	Coalitions
Technology Focus	TT between SME – R&D	Competence transfer
	resources	between SME – R&D
	Pro-active focus	resources
	"Broad innovation	Pro-active focus
	perspective"	"Broad innovation
		perspective"
		REBRSI
BERGEN ONIVERSITY COLLEGE		Research-based Competence I



SME goal

Institute goal

System goal

- Project goal * R&D focus
- · SME as attractive customer
- Regional R&D cooperation

Main Goals:

Linking the SMEs needs to research opportunities

To promote greater focus on R&D activity in companies with little or no R&D experience in order to increase their internal innovative capacity, thereby enhancing value creation and competitiveness (→ stimulation of R&D demand).

Research institutes as partners to SME

To strengthen the role of the research institutes as **partners** in collaboration with industry. The competence mediators should contribute to a heightened awareness of the possibilities and potential of the SMEs demand for research.

(→ stimulation of R&D supply).

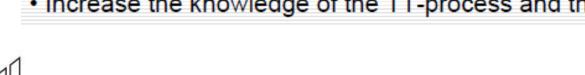






Subsidiary goals:

- Increase the R&D activity of SME
- Improve the reception capacities of SME.
- Strengthen the economic competitiveness of SME
- Strengthen the knowledge of new technology adopted by the SME.
- Strengthen the links and communication between R&D inst. and SME.
- Support technology transfer from universities and technical colleges
- Increase the knowledge of the TT-process and the methodology

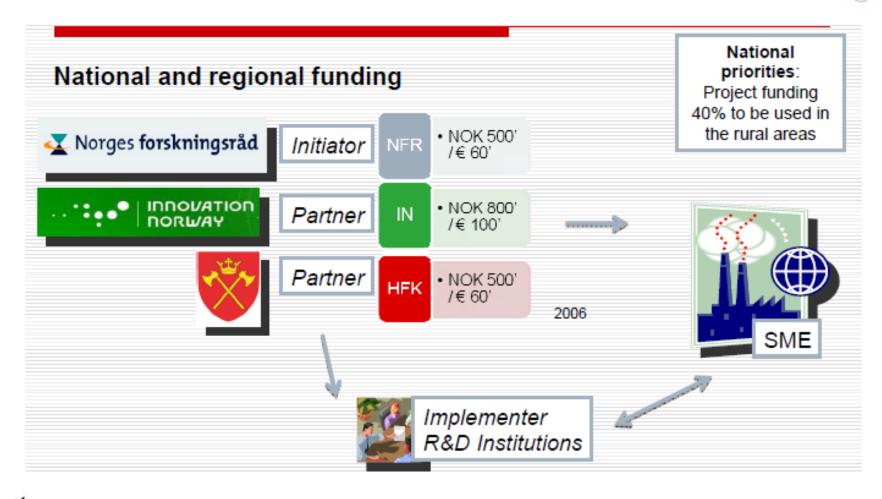


















Project fundings:

Typical project budget 160' NOK (ca € 20')

External funding NOK 80' (50%) (ca € 10')

Private funding NOK 20' + 60' (50%) (ca € 10')

Typical:

- Small scale projects:
- Limited funding
- I imited time
- Limited R&D
- Preliminary work, start-ups
 - "Feasibility study"
 - "Pre research / investigation"









Characterisation of the Competence Broker:

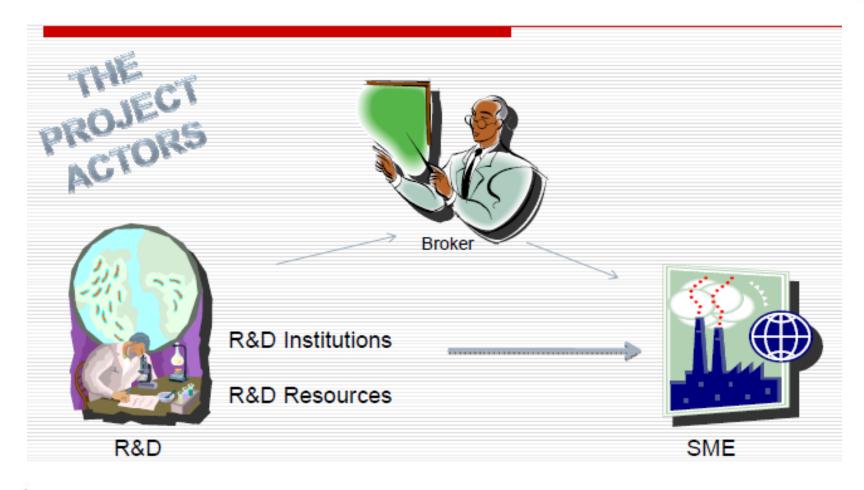
- Experienced Researchers act as competence brokers
- The competence broker must:
 - Have a broad R&D network (national and regional)
 - Experience in Projects planning and Project performing
 - Have sufficient soft-skills (communicate, counseling, guiding, be determined ...)
 - To be an initiator, a pusher, following-up, TT mediator, quality assurer, TT-process experience
 - To establish interdisciplinary cooperation

















- Quantitative (2010)
- Total financing (Hordaland): € 250′
 - NRC: € 113′
 - Hordaland County Council: € 75′
 - Companies and R&D inst: € 62′
- This is to finance the infrastructure of the programme
- The company and network projects are financed 50% from Innovation Norway and 50% from the company involved





Impact/Result







Impact / result of the instrument



- Qualitative (2010)
- Value or estimated expression of success
 - 11 company projects : NOK 1.1 M, € 137'
 - 5 networking projects: NOK 1.250M, € 157′
 - The companies have to equal this amount
 - Total R&D initiated from the competence brokering:
 NOK 4.7 M, € 587'
- Projects continued with funding from other sources
 - through the "Skattefunn" instrument
 - trough own / private financing
 - trough other governmental innovation programs (eg. Innvovation Norway instruments)





Impact / result of the instrument



- Who participate in Hordaland projects?
- industry from different branches mostly: energy, maritime, marine and tourism
- Mostly small and medium sized manufactures with from 5 to 250 employees
- geographically scattered
- both "high-tech" and "low-tech" manufacturers





Impact / result of the instrument 4 cases









Fjellstrand	Tysse Mechanical	Fitjar Concrete	Bremnes Seafood
Finding state of the	Industrial design of	Development of	Utilising fish scrap
art battery	new car hanger	new product added	from salmon in
technology for	generation	to concrete	new products
ferry			







Success Factors Bottlenecks/ Need for improvement





Success factors of the instrument

High focus on:

The Technology Transfer Process

Sucess factor: Technology Results at the SME

base for further Product Development work

Sucess factor: Higher Technology knowledge at the SME

adaptable to further R&D work

Sucess factor: A proven and consistent method

adaptable to further R&D work

Sucess factor: Number of projects

at the different regional R&D institutions





Bottlenecks of the instrument

- TT process is strong related to the Competence brokers capacity and network
- Incapacity, interpersonal barriers or lack of competence at the SME or R&D
- Low priority or interests in TT from the University-sector
- Limitation in outreach activities due to limited competence broker staff
- Limited funding allow "only" start-up projects, further R&D is dependent on other financing
- Unclear priorities (and sub goals) in the different national regions
- Focus on SME goals, but lower on institute- and system goals (regional)





Needs for improvement of the instrument



Implementation

- Increase the competence of the competence broker (incl. network)
- Increase the possibilities of take-over project funding (extensions)

Further Improvements needed

- Incentives to motivate R&D-institutions / universities
- A more experimental approach to the competence brokerage instrument





Future development



"The efficient and successful Technology Transfer is an ART not a TECHNIQUE, and the skill of communication is an important talent."

We hope that the REBASING project will help develop the instrument further, specially by looking to improve and professionalize the role as competence brokers



